Genome UK

Considerations on data security, sharing and analysis





Genome UK — The Three Pillars

- Pillar 1: Diagnosis and Personalised Medicine
 - Improve the diagnosis, stratification and treatment of illness.
- Pillar 2: Prevention
 - Enabling predictive and preventative care.
- Pillar 3: Research
 - Supporting fundamental and translational research.

The success of Genome UK will rely on the public's willingness to share highly sensitive data for research and clinical applications.

Genome sequences: the bulk of the data



- ▶ Genome UK: Goal of generating WGS data for 1.5 M individuals →
 150 Pb data.
 - Hardware and software infrastructure for data security and data sharing security essential.
- PetaGene: Experience supporting customers across Life Sciences in managing genomic data.
 - We can help Genome UK ensure successful implementation.

Genome UK – our key recommendations







Key opportunities

Genomic Data is sensitive

- Public willingness to share data is declining (<u>Ghafur, S. et al 2020 Lancet</u>).
- Controlled, secure data access is fundamental to maintaining public trust.
- Sharing a person's whole genome, exome or chromosome is unnecessarily invasive since usually a very small portion (< 0.1%) is sufficient.</p>
- Data minimisation: share only minimum necessary information for each purpose.
 - Italy, Slovakia, US HIPAA explicitly enforce in research. Collection explicit in UK law.
 - Unnecessary sharing significantly increases de-anonymisation risks.
 - Share only genetic regions relevant for analyses. Audit all access, and by purpose.
- Ideally, give each individual control of data & visibility into how their data is being used.



Key opportunities

Avoid technical barriers

- Life Sciences stakeholders need to combine existing data and pipelines with new data.
- Democratise cost of precision medicine.
 - Implementation of new standards must be practical, improve performance & not introduce bottlenecks.
- Public & private sector have invested billions in R&D building existing pipelines.
 - Therefore: crucial to keep supporting them.
 - Exciting new APIs; e.g. GA4GH *htsget* (fully supported by PetaGene).
 - But slow & expensive for fine-grained regional access compared to alternatives.



Key opportunities

Computational Reproducibility is essential

- Ability to reproduce results for clinical and research purposes.
 - This is the basis on which scientific advancements are made possible.
- Ability to continue to use existing containerised, certified workflows with Genome UK data.

Preserving data integrity is key

- Need to consider strategies to retain data integrity.
- Minimise loss of information that may become important for accurate analyses in future.

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For any questions or inquiries please contact us at: info@petagene.com